

The CIVA FairPlay System and ACRO contest software

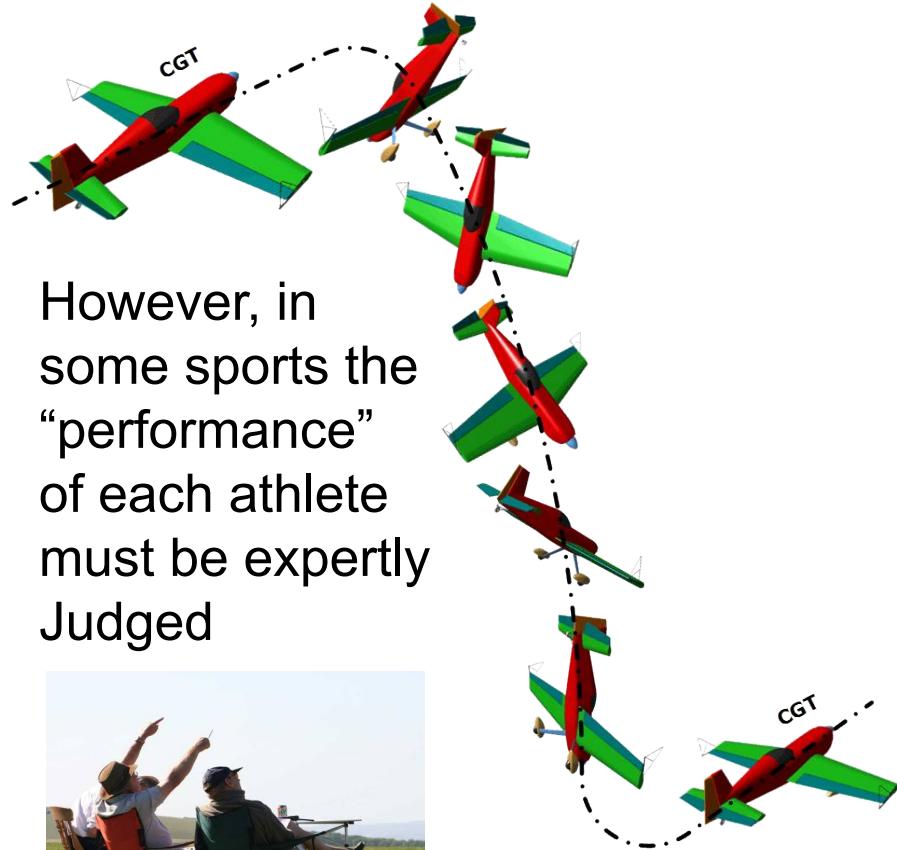
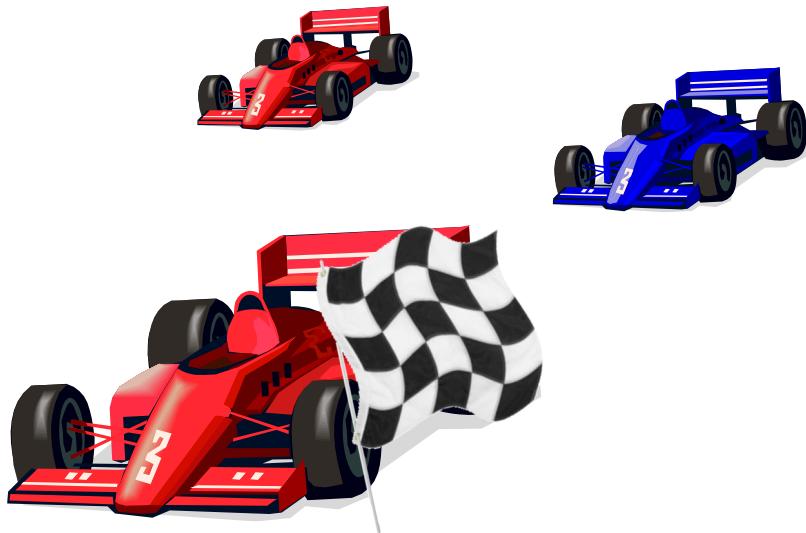
F a i r P l a y

- *Why do we have it?*
- *What does it do?*
- *Pilots FP Score Sheets*
- *Judges Ranking Index*
- *Judge Analysis reports*



The Basics

In most sports it is pretty easy to see who is the winner – it's the person who gets to the finishing line before anyone else



However, in some sports the “performance” of each athlete must be expertly Judged



Good examples are ice skating, gymnastics, high-board diving, dressage, and

COMPETITION AEROBATIC FLYING

Practical marking of aerobatic figures

Figure geometry errors:

Normal marks. Judges add-up the downgrades they see and subtract the total from ten. This mark can be between **10.0** (perfect!) and **0.0** (the numeric zero)

Major errors:

The Hard Zero. If the figure flown is not the one specified on the judges Form-B or Form-C paperwork, then he should award an “**HZ**”

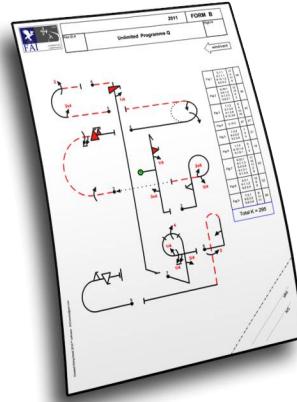
The Average:

If a judge can't reach an appropriate mark for any reason, then he should ask for an average or “**AV**”



Opinions

In aerobatic sequences, judges use a complicated set of Rules to give their **OPINIONS** about key elements in each pilots flight



*Even though we have strict rules about **how** to judge, because we are human **all** judges can have slightly different opinions about exactly the same things*



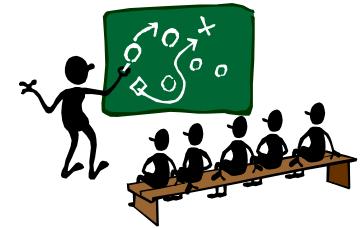
Most judges mark in a very similar way

However

- 一只手 We completely miss some **little** things ...
- 两只手 We can concentrate on the detail and miss some **big** things ...
- 三只手 And occasionally we make **plain old mistakes** ...

Managing different opinions

- Judges don't all see the same things all the time
- **Style** and unconscious **bias** are always present
- ☺ **Small** differences between judges marks are OK
- ☹ **Major** differences are problems that must be resolved in a sensitive and appropriate manner



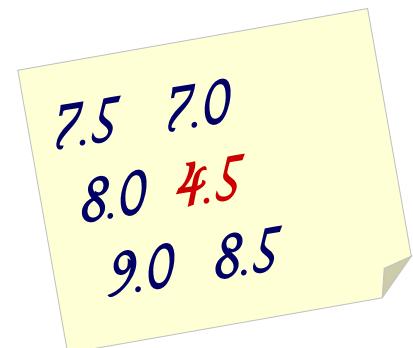
Judging errors arise from:

- ✗ Poor team work – Judge / Caller / Scribe
- ✗ Failure to see critical details
- ✗ Poor understanding or application of the rules



Pilots must get the benefit of any doubt!

- ✓ If a judge gives a mark that is significantly different to the marks from the other judges, then it may simply be "wrong" and we should investigate it



Influences on the Results

Every raw mark from every judge has **the same power** to influence the result, whether it is similar to or very different from the other judges marks



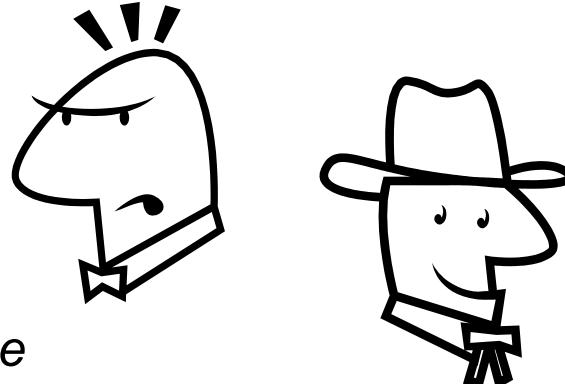
An experienced judge will see most of the pilots “errors” and downgrade the marks more, with a consistent spread of grades

On the other hand, some judges do not see all the “errors” and so they give less downgrades and are usually not as consistent

The simple way to calculate the final result is to add up all the marks and average them to remove the differences between the judges

Unfortunately

*The sharper judges
who “see” more
errors and give the
pilots lower marks
will have **less** influence*



Results: Free Individual						
9th FAI WAC, Radom 05 - 15 Aug 2010						
Advanced World Champion						
Sequence: Programme 1: Free Programme						
Rank	Team	M/F	Pilot	Aeroplane	Registration	
1	FRA	M	Nigel Hopkins	MX2	N88MX	Free
2	FRA	M	Julian Ellhard	CAP 231	F-GDTT	2736.10
3	FRA	M	Baptiste Vignes	CAP 231	F-GVFF	2670.27
4	RUS	M	Andrey Berkutov	Yak 55	RF00178	2669.77
5	USA	M	Reinhard Beyer	Extra 300L	N779R	2666.50
6	RUS	M	Mikhail Bedzonnezhnykh	SP 55	RA1034G	2665.00
7	RSA	M	Mark Hensman	MX2	N88MX	
8	UKR	F	Tamara			
9	FRA	M				

Other judges who “miss” downgrades and give out higher marks will normally have more influence in the Results

Can we test marks for “confidence”?

To be completely **FAIR** we need a way to check every mark so that we can identify judgements that are unusually different from other judges opinions



For each ‘unusual’ mark that we find we must:

- ✓ *Test to see whether it is acceptable or not, using a practical **confidence check** to compare it to the other judges marks*

And - if it is proven to be unacceptable then:

- ✓ *We must remove the unacceptable mark and make a careful substitution that is in the style of that judge*



The computer **DOES NOT KNOW HOW TO JUDGE !**



But it can compare each judge to the other judges, and the FairPlay system can remove all anomalies from the final results

The CIVA FairPlay process

The FairPlay System is actually very simple

It follows the same set of simple steps that YOU would if only you could do the work fast enough with such a lot of information



Computers can do millions of sums very quickly and run statistical programmes that closely mimic the way humans think

So: Let the computer do all the hard work ...

The key to FairPlay is ...

It works on a **figure by figure** basis so that it only ever compares LIKE with LIKE. This is a major difference from the old TBLP process

Before FairPlay starts: **Confirm or deny the Hard Zero's – the “CHZ”**

After each flight the judges decide whether any figures should be given a **Hard Zero**. This must be by majority agreement, and video may be used to help make the decision



On the Pilots Score Sheet:

- Where a Hard Zero is agreed the Chief Judge confirms it :
 - ▶ *On the Flight Summary Sheet the figure is annotated “CHZ”.*
 - ▶ *Other marks will be **boxed** and are then called “Missing”*

- Where the majority of judges do not support the Hard Zero then:
 - ▶ *On the Flight Summary Sheet the figure is annotated “OK”.*
 - ▶ *Judges HZ marks are **boxed** and are then called “Missing”*

The Pilots Raw Marks Check Sheet

Fig No.	K Factor	CJ1	J2	J3	J4	J5	CHZ's	Av'ge marks	Equiv. scores
1	26	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	OK	6.2	161.2
2	17	6.0	4.0	3.0	8.0	8.0	OK	5.8	98.6
3	29	5.0	8.0	2.0	7.0	6.0	OK	5.6	162.4
4	25	6.5	6.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	OK	6.1	152.5
5	27	2.0	6.0	HZ	7.5	7.0	OK	5.6	151.9
6	23	5.0	7.0	7.0	5.5	6.0	OK	6.1	140.3
7	29	6.0	3.0	5.0	4.5	PZ	OK	4.6	134.1
8	30	2.0	6.0	4.0	1.0	4.0	OK	3.4	102.0
9	19	8.0	AV	7.0	6.5	8.0	OK	7.4	140.1
10	27	4.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	6.5	OK	5.5	148.5
Posi	40	5.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	6.5		5.5	220.0
<hr/> Penalties:									
		Qty	Value		Deduct				
	Too Low	0	200		0.0				
	Too High	0	30		0.0				
	Box Outs	0	20		0.0				
	Interruptions	1	100		100.0				
	Insertions	0	100		0.0				
	Missed Slot	0	200		0.0				
	Trg. Violation	0	30		0.0				
	Faulty W/Rocks	0	30		0.0				
	Other Penalty	0	10/sec		0.0				
	Total awarded:				100.0				
	Max. possible score:				2920.0				
	Raw equiv. score total:				1611.6				
	Minus 100 penalty points:				1511.6				
	Pre-FP score estimate:				51.8%				

 Aerobatic Contest Results Organiser, Version 3.0 Build 28-01-11
This report created at 15:33 on 15 March 2011

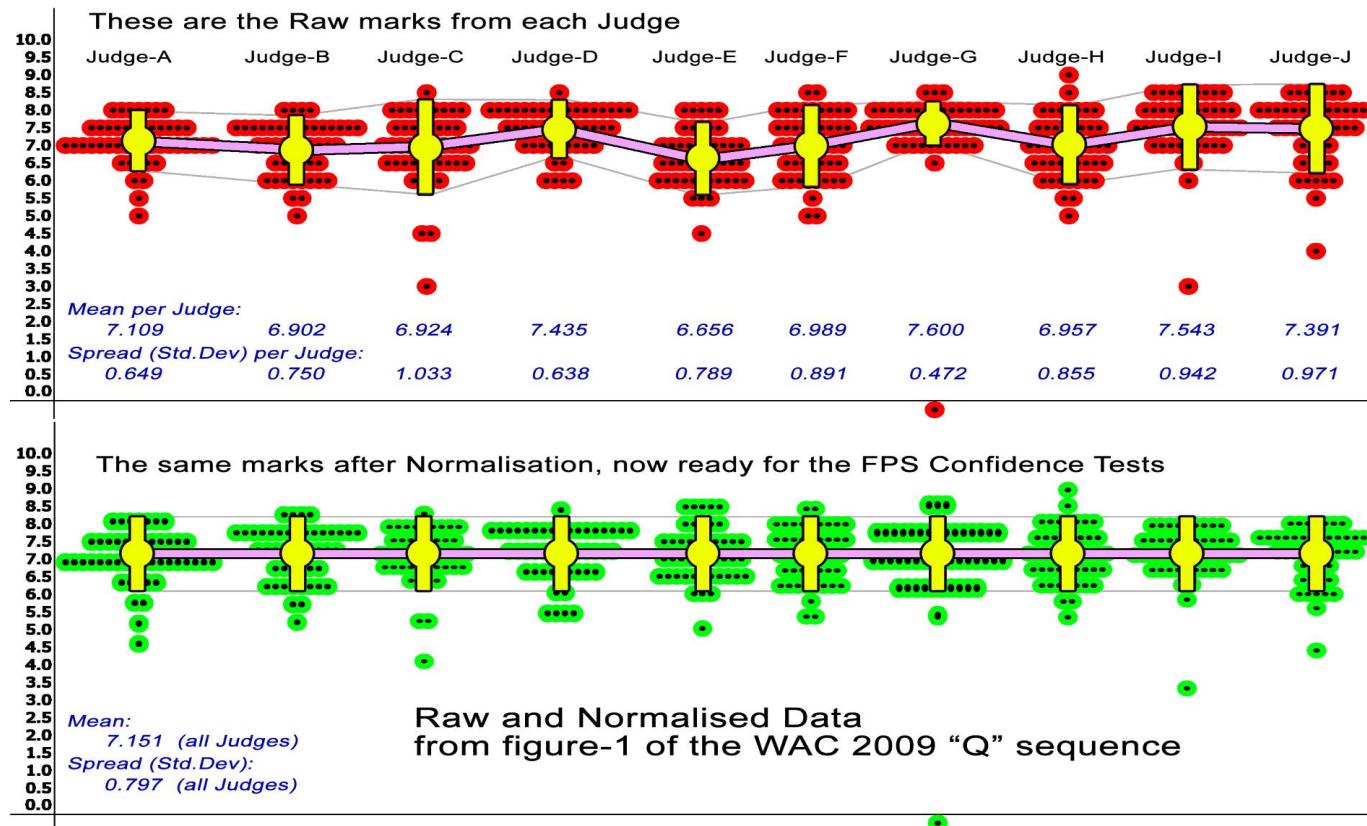
This sheet allows the pilot to check that the marks have been correctly entered into the scoring computer, and talk to his Team Manager if he wishes to consider a protest about any aspect of the data.

The “Equivalent scores” that are given here are simple calculations based on the Raw Marks. The FairPlay system has not yet been used.

These sheets are published on the web until the sequence is completed – they are then replaced by the Pilots FairPlay sheets and all scores are final

FP Step 1: *Normalisation balance the judges output*

We must adjust each judges set of figure marks so that they all have the same **AVERAGE** and **SPREAD**. This does *not* affect the pilot rankings

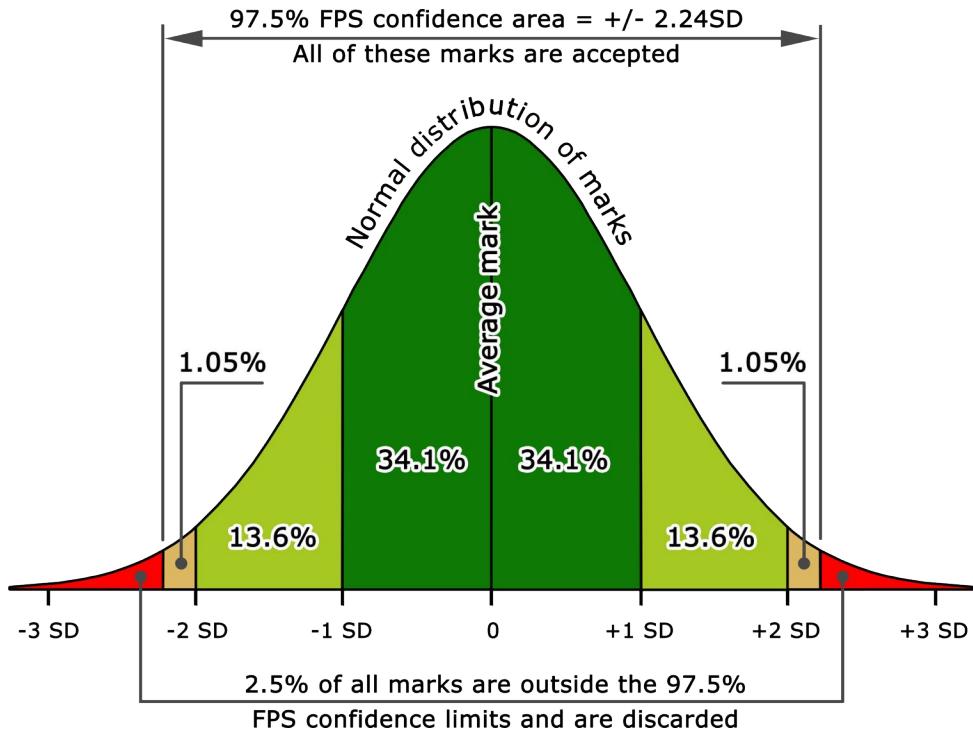


Only **non-zero** marks are normalised - HZ's and Av's are ignored

Information!

The “normal” spread of figure marks

If we make a graph to show how the normalised marks for all pilots flying one figure compare, the distribution we should expect will look something like this:



Approximately 68% of the marks would be in the dark green area within one Standard Deviation (SD) of the average, a further 27% in the lighter green area would be within two SD's, and so on to 100%

In FairPlay we accept all normalised marks within the central 97.5% confidence area. These marks are all within **2.24** SD's from the overall average mark

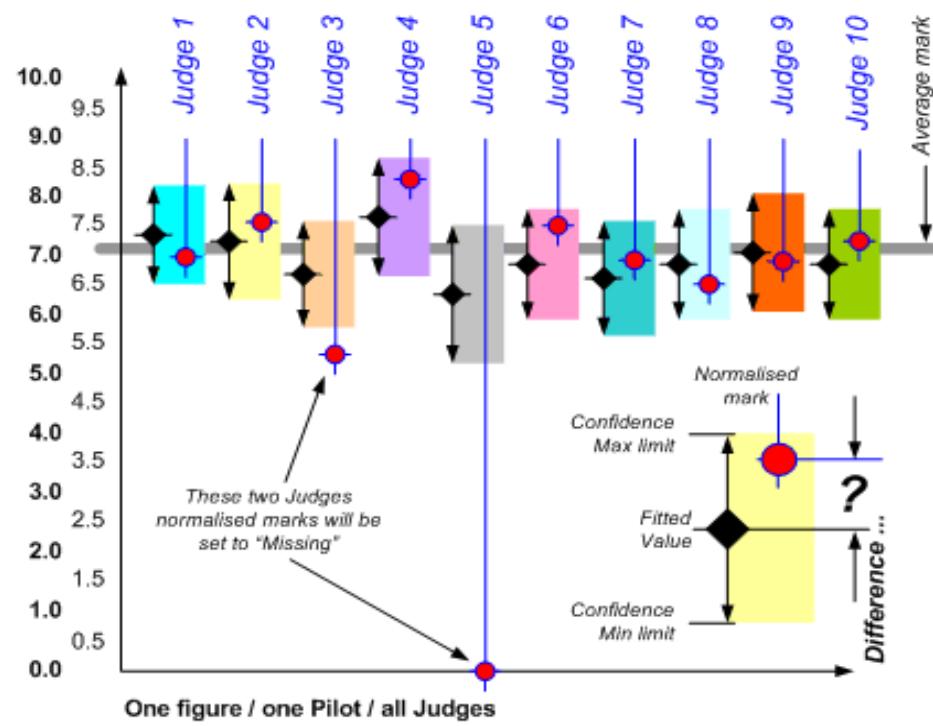
FP Step 2: The Confidence Test

Here we take each figure separately so that all comparisons are valid

For each Judge an ideal set of “Fitted Values” is calculated to match the Judge’s style, based on the spread of the judges normalised marks data

Every pilot’s normalised mark for this figure must now pass a Confidence Test, to see if it is close enough to the corresponding Fitted Value

- Normalised marks that fall **within** the confidence limits remain unchanged
- Normalised marks that **fail** the test are rejected by setting them to “Missing”
After this step we can be confident that ALL of the remaining marks are free of detectable anomalies



FP Step 3:

Replace “Missing” marks that were rejected

Group-1 pass-2		ChJudge1	Judge2	Judge3	Judge4	Judge5	ChSmy	Nrm P/Fig Avg
003_06_001	8. 517873				8. 517873	8. 517873		8. 000000
003_06_002	8. 512823	8. 512823			7. 246052	7. 246052		7. 246052
003_06_004	8. 039263				8. 039263	8. 039263		8. 039263
003_06_005	8. 039160				8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_008					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_010					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_011					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_012					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_014					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
003_06_021					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
Nrm Jdg Avg					8. 039160	8. 039160		8. 039160
Group-2 pass-2		ChJudge1	Judge2	Judge3	Judge4	Judge5	ChSmy	Nrm P/Fig Avg
007_11_001	8. 352026				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_002	8. 352026	8. 352026			8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_003	8. 058829				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_004	8. 788435				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_005	8. 058829				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_006	7. 230041				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_007	7. 230041	7. 230041			8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_008	8. 166818				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_009	8. 166818				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_010	8. 166818				8. 097088	8. 097088		8. 097088
007_11_012	7. 882222				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_014					7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_015	6. 958031				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_016	6. 958031				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_017	6. 958031				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_021	7. 252782				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
007_11_022	7. 252782				7. 095317	7. 095317		7. 095317
Nrm Jdg Avg	7. 010169				7. 010169	7. 010169		7. 010169
Group-3 pass-2		ChJudge1	Judge2	Judge3	Judge4	Judge5	ChSmy	Nrm P/Fig Avg
009_10_001	8. 842694				8. 106027	8. 106027		8. 106027
009_10_002	8. 842694	8. 842694			8. 106027	8. 106027		8. 106027
009_10_003	8. 842694				8. 106027	8. 106027		8. 106027
009_10_004	4. 713844				5. 400649	5. 400649		5. 400649
009_10_005	8. 842694				5. 400649	5. 400649		5. 400649
009_10_006	7. 297904				5. 400649	5. 400649		5. 400649
009_10_007	7. 297904	7. 297904			5. 400649	5. 400649		5. 400649
009_10_008	8. 160931				7. 984711	7. 984711		7. 984711
009_10_009	8. 160931				7. 984711	7. 984711		7. 984711
009_10_010	8. 160931				7. 984711	7. 984711		7. 984711
009_10_011	8. 160931				7. 984711	7. 984711		7. 984711
009_10_020	8. 241667				8. 637216	8. 637216		8. 637216
009_10_021	8. 241667				8. 637216	8. 637216		8. 637216
009_10_022	8. 241667				8. 637216	8. 637216		8. 637216
Nrm Jdg Avg	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
Group-4 pass-2		ChJudge1	Judge2	Judge3	Judge4	Judge5	ChSmy	Nrm P/Fig Avg
009_10_023	7. 554861				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_024	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_025	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_026	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_027	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_028	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_029	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_030	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_031	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
009_10_032	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667
Nrm Jdg Avg	8. 241667				8. 241667	8. 241667		8. 241667

Now that all the anomalies have been removed, FPS can make a **new** table of Fitted Values that is built from all of the remaining “good” data

In each “Missing” slot where an unacceptable mark was identified, FairPlay now substitutes a new error-free **Fitted Value** in it’s place

On the Pilots FairPlay Check Sheet the rejected mark will be shown in red and the Fitted Value that replaces it will be below it in black

Lo 6.261
7.724



At the conclusion of this step we can be confident that in every figure no mark is unusually different from the other judges marks, and that the majority view of the Judging Panel has been carefully used to give every Pilot a fair and balanced result

FP Step 4: Calculate the preliminary FPS scores

Here the final FPS marks for each judge are multiplied by the figure K-factors, and a preliminary set of scores is calculated for each pilot

For example:

	Judge 1	Judge 2	Judge 3	Judge 4
Pilot 1	1692.98369	16529.4723	1593.56274	1785.28452
Pilot 2	1681.48956	16486.9437	1628.40021	1709.03743
Pilot 3	1704.42793	17109.3749	1680.28642	1599.28754
etc				

Of course ... all the scores from each judge will be slightly different for each pilot, and now we must check between all the judges for undue

“BIAS”

FP Step 5: *Testing for BIAS*

Bias is a human characteristic that is impossible to avoid. It affects every aspect of our lives, and it makes us all different

It is **not possible** for judges to avoid some degree of bias in their marks, regardless of whether this is conscious or totally unconscious

In aerobatic judging we test for undue bias, and any that is above a pre-set confidence level is removed

The final step in FairPlay is to normalise the judges scores, and run another Confidence Test (this time at 90.0% = 1.65 SD limits)

Any undue bias that is found is resolved by setting the score to Missing and subsequently replacing it as usual with a Fitted Value

These final scores are now free of all anomalies and, after deduction of penalties, are used to create the final contest results



How to 'de-code' your Pilots ACRO FairPlay Processed Marks sheet

The header describes the pilot, nationality and aeroplane details, the level and sequence being flown and the event, place and date.

Figure numbers and K-factors for each figure.

All marks that FPS determines as "wrong" are shown boxed. This HZ was not matched by a Confirmed Hard Zero from the Chief Judge and must be replaced by a Fitted Value.

For a non-scoring Chief Judge, the gradable figures are labelled "OK" whilst figures given a Confirmed Hard Zero are shown as "CHZ".

The Chief Judge has awarded this figure a "Confirmed Hard Zero" and any non-HZ Judges marks are accordingly boxed.

The Positioning mark and if applicable the Harmony mark are shown by their first 4 characters.

Explains that all flights in this sequence have been completed, and the scores given here have been approved by the Jury for final publication.

The ACRO version and FairPlay settings are shown above the time and date of the report.

Example
ONLY!



Processed Marks Check-Sheet - Pilot 005 Joe Bloggs (GBR) Sukhoi 26 G-ABCD Unlimited level - Programme 2: Free Unknown

17th FAI EAC, Touzim CZE, 02. - 12 Sep.2010

Chief Judge: Nick Buckenham (non-scoring)

Judges:
1 - Nick Buckenham (GBR) 2 - Francis Itier (FRA) 3 - Gabor Talabos (HUN)
4 - Algis Orlickas (LTU) 5 - M. Bezdevezhnykh (RUS)
6 - Vladimir Kotelnikov (RUS) 7 - Georges Brocard (SUI)
8 - Lyudmila Zelenina (UKR)

Fig No.	K Factor	SF CJ1	Avge marks								Equiv marks	
			J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8			
1	66	7	OK	6R 7.0	6R 5.0	6R 4.5	6R PZ	6R PZ	6R 7.0	6R PZ	3.36	221.76
2	6	5	OK	8.0	8.0	8.5	8.5	8.0	9.0	8.0	8.29	49.74
3	46	7	OK	6.5	5.0	AV	7.5	6.5	6.5	7.0	6.50	299.00
4	53	7	OK	6.5	5.0	7.0	7.0	Lo PZ	7.5	7.5	6.65	306.09
5	6	7	OK	CHZ	6.0	8.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.29	37.74
6	38	6	OK	7.0	6.5	7.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.64	252.32
7	37	5	OK	7.0	6.87	5.71	5.76	7.26	6.64	6.92	6.62	251.50
8	66	7	OK	6.5	3.5	5.5	6.0	4.5	6.5	4.0	5.21	343.86
9	6	7	OK	8.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.0	7.57	45.42
10	31	7	OK	7.0	7.5	7.5	8.0	6.5	8.0	7.0	7.57	45.43
11	22	2	OK	7.0	3.5	7.5	Lo 3.5	6.5	Hi 8.0	Lo 4.0	5.71	125.62
12	6	7	OK	8.0	8.5	Lo 7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.79	46.74
13	44	7	CHZ	CHZ	CHZ	6.5	6.0	CHZ	CHZ	0.00	0.00	47.50
14	40	7	OK	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.0	6.43	257.20	
Posi	60	1	OK	7.0	Lo 5.5	7.5	7.5	7.0	8.0	6.5	7.00	420.00
				7.08	7.25	7.42	7.61	7.04	7.53	6.82	7.25	434.99

Sequence has been completed: Sequence scores here are FINAL

Anomalies:

(High)

Scores: 2918.88 2924.05 3046.74 3203.07 2915.77 3032.50 2921.06
FP-sub: 2995.33

Final processed score total (of max. possible 5270): 2964.90

Minus 300 penalty points: 2664.90

Processed score valuation: 50.57 %



Aerobatic Contest Results Organiser, Version 3.0 build 28-12-10
Calculations by: FairPlay (non-scoring CJ + CHZ Summary) method
This report created at 12:13 on 29 December 2010

The Chief Judge (with non-scoring or scoring status) and the Judges details are listed in full.

FPS has determined for this figure that more than 60% of the Judges marks failed the relevant confidence test, and all marks for the figure have been replaced by Fitted Values.

An "Average" mark has been requested by the Judge, and FPS has given a Fitted Value.

In each pair of data rows the upper italic number is the raw mark given by the Judge. The lower bold figure is either -

- the Normalised mark when this satisfies the relevant FPS confidence test, or ...
- the Fitted Value, substituted by FPS when the normalised mark fails the confidence test Hi or Lo, or the raw mark is already boxed.

Marks that are above or below the FPS calculated figure confidence limits are boxed with their Hi or Lo prefix, and the Fitted Value is substituted below.

For information purposes only and to assist Pilots to quantify the relative value achieved in each figure, the two right-most columns display the average mark for all Judges together with the "equivalent" score.

These are NOT formal FPS steps, nor is this data used in any subsequent calculations.

The FPS score for each Judge is shown. If FPS detects a High or Low sequence anomaly the score is annotated and the Fitted Value substitution shown below.

The final FPS processed score is shown, and any penalty points that have been awarded are deducted. The overall percentage scored is shown on the last line.

FairPlay and the RI: The Judges Ranking Index

After FairPlay has run we can compare how each judges Raw Marks would have ranked the pilots, as though the judge was working alone.

The **Judges Ranking Index** is calculated by comparing each judges “Raw” rank order of pilots with the final FairPlay results. The RI is zero if the judge puts the pilots in exactly the same order as FPS, but gets bigger as the judges ranking of pilots becomes increasingly different to the FPS results. The RI is also increased where the judges score varies more from the FPS score

An RI less than 15 is quite good, between 15 and 25 indicates that the judge is more different from the other judges, and over 25 then the judge should seek advice from the Chief Judge to see if some further help may be required

To achieve a good RI you must simply get your scores for each pilot reasonably close to the overall final FPS results

AND FINALLY: CIVA sorts the judges RI's LOW to HIGH to create a list of average **Judge Rank Positions** – the **JRP**.

These provide a useful ranking that shows how well each judge has matched the final results at every championship.

The **JRP** list is used by the CIVA Judging Committee as a helpful guide during the next year's judge selections.



JRP = 3.67



ACRO also provides . . .

For Pilots:

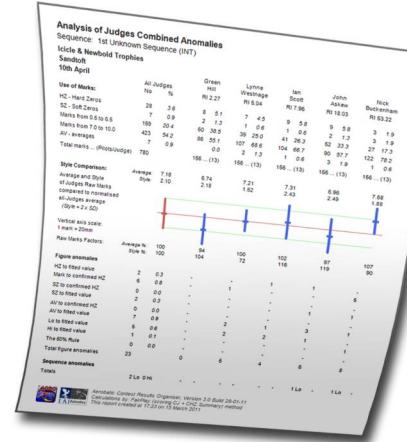
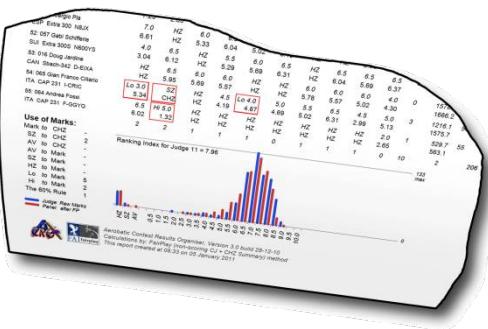
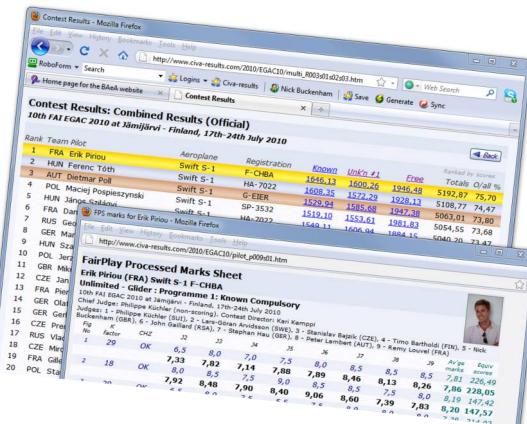
A completely open web-based review of all Raw and FairPlay sequence marks and scores for everyone to see, compare, discuss, analyse . . .

For each Judge:

A fully detailed comparative analysis for every sequence that shows where the judge differs from his colleagues

For the Chief Judge:

An overall analysis that summarises and compares each member of the Judging Panel, and shows national influences



Judge Individual Analysis example

The standard data describing the event, judge, place, date, level and sequence.

Pilots are presented in the rank order of their final post FPS scores PRIOR to the deduction of penalties.

Where an FPS fitted value is substituted for the judges grade it is boxed in red and the anomaly identified.

Reasons are:
Hi – the grade is too high
Lo – the grade is too low
6R – the 60% rule is applied

Pilots with the same nationality as the judge are boxed in blue to highlight this association

Summary of the grades revised to fitted values.

The FPS Ranking Index (RI) for this judge.

Histogram key.

The Histogram shows judges use of each raw grade compared to post-FPS all judges average use.

Example ONLY!

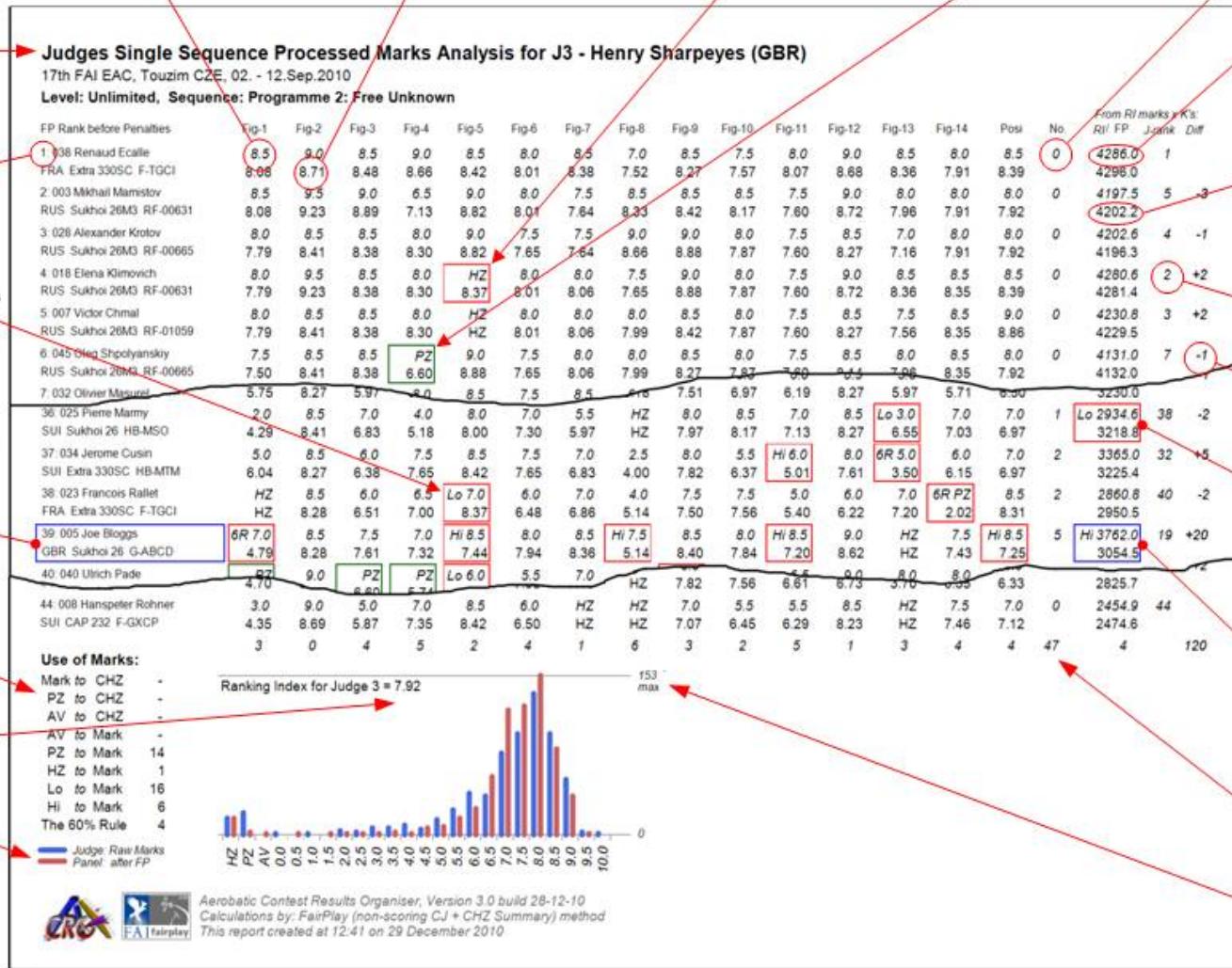
The judges raw grade for each pilot is shown in italic type.

The normalised grade is shown below the raw grade, rounded to 2 decimal places. 1

A Hard Zero is here replaced by a fitted value because the Chief Judge did not give a CHZ.

A Perception Zero rejected by FPS is replaced by a Fitted Value and shown boxed in Green

In this column the number of FPS fitted values for this pilot is cumulated.



1 Note the system works in double-precision mode using 16 significant characters, viz. 123.456789012345
The printed output is normally rounded to two decimal places for clarity.

The upper number in each pair is the judges raw score for each pilot, cumulated from the raw data prepared for the RI and each figure's K factor.

The lower number is the FPS score for this judge per pilot, cumulated from the judges own final FPS grades and each figure's K factor.

This is the rank for each pilot based on this judges raw score.

The difference between the judges raw pilot rank and the pilot's final overall FPS rank (excl. penalties) is given.

Where the FPS confidence test shows the judges sequence score to be too high or low and replaces it with a fitted value, the score is boxed in red and the anomaly identified.

If the sequence fitted value is used and the nationality of the judge matches the pilot, the score is boxed in blue to highlight the relevance of this match.

Cumulative totals line for anomalies in the above data.

Number of times the most used grade was applied.

Judge Overall Analysis example

The standard data describing the sequences in this analysis and the event, place and date.

The use of marks by each judge, cumulated in 5 categories.

Cumulative totals in each analysis area from all judges.

Comparison of Judges marking style against the Panel Average style

The FPS figure anomalies from each judge, cumulated in 9 categories.

The FPS sequence anomalies from each judge, cumulated by pilots nationality.

Example ONLY!

Analysis of Judges Combined Anomalies

Sequences: Programme 1: Free Programme (UNL), Programme 2: Free Unknown (UNL)

17th FAI EAC

Touzim CZE

02. - 12.Sep.2010

Use of Marks:

HZ - Hard Zeros

PZ - Perception Zeros

Marks from 0.0 to 6.5

Marks from 7.0 to 10.0

AV - averages

Total marks ... (Pilots/Judge)

Style Comparison:

Average and Style

of Judges Raw Marks

compared to normalised

all-Judges average

(Style = 2 x SD)

Vertical axis scale:

1 mark = 31mm

Raw Marks Factors:

Average %:

Style %:

100

100

99

102

97

85

100

93

96

97

98

137

96

103

91

103

103

91

Figure anomalies

HZ to fitted value

Mark to confirmed HZ

PZ to confirmed HZ

PZ to fitted value

AV to confirmed HZ

AV to fitted value

Lo to fitted value

Hi to fitted value

The 60% Rule

Total figure anomalies

CZE Czech Republic

FRA France

GER Germany

GBR Great Britain

HUN Hungary

RUS Russia

SUI Switzerland

ISR Israel

EXP Spain

Total sequence anomalies

3 Lo 3 Hi

- 3 Hi

- -

- -

1 Lo

-

1 Lo

-

2 Lo 1 Hi

1 Lo

-

-

1 Lo

-

1 Lo

-

2 Lo 1 Hi

1 Lo

-

-

1 Lo

-

The CIVA FairPlay System is used in the 'ACRO' contest software

On the internet go to:

<https://www.acro-online.net/>



You can download the **ACRO** software, and run it on your own Windows computer. You also have full access to an extensive archive of past national and international contest files.

The website includes copies of all the Pilot and Judge Analysis explanations, together with a detailed description of the complete FairPlay Statistical Analysis system.

To see ACRO's results output in action at CIVA events go to:

www.civa-results.com